





AIR FORCE CYPICE OF SCHEMMIZEC RESEARCH (AFSC) MOTICE OF TRANSMITTAL TO THE This tacheleal report has been reviewed and is approved for public release IAN AFR 190-18 (7b). Destribution is unlimited. A. D. BLOSE Technical Information Officer

Approved for public release;

distribution unlimited.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)	
REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
AFOSR-TR. 79-0340	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle)	5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Development of Practical MO Techniques for	Final - 1 Nov 74 to
Prediction of the Properties and Behavior of	31 Oct 78
Materials	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(s)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)
Michael J.S. Dewar	AFOSR-75-2749
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
Department of Chemistry	61102F
University of Texas	2303/B2
Austin, Texas 78712	2303/82
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE
AF Office of Scientific Research/NC	1978
Bldg. 410	13. NUMBER OF PAGES
Bolling AFB Washington D.C. 20332	20
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
	Unclassified
	15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)	
Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.	
17. DISTRIBUTION ST. 4ENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)	
18. SUPPLEMENTARY TES	
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)	

ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

A new semiempirical method (MNDO), based on NDDO, has proved superior to MINDO/3 in nearly all respects. Parameters are available for H, Be, B, C, N, O, F, and (without 3d AOs) Si, P, S, and C1. MINDO/3 and MNDO give good estimates of molecular vibration frequencies and isotopic shifts, and hence of entropies, specific heats, entropies of activation, and kinetic isotope effects. MNDO calculations were carried out for a number of normal and mesoionic oxazoles and imidazoles and for pentadienyl ions and their methyl derivatives.

The most notable result during the grant period has been the development of a new semiempirical treatment, MNDO [143], based on the NDDO approximation, which has proved superior to MINDO/3 in almost every respect. In particular, no problems arose in its extension to heteroatoms. Also, since it involves parameters for atoms, not atom pairs, extension to a new element involves only a fixed number of new parameters. Parameters are available for CHON[144], F[162], B[146], Be[166], and (without as yet 3d AOs) for Si, P, S, and Cl.

DISTRIBUTION/AVA: ABI'IIY

200

A second important development has been the extension of MINDO/3 and MNDO to the calculation of molecular vibration frequencies [135,164] and isotopic shifts in vibration frequencies [148], and hence of entropies and specific heats [158], of entropies of activation [158], and of kinetic isotope effects [119]. The errors in vibration frequencies are no greater than those given by Pulay's ab initio methods which are limited to small molecules. In collaboration with Dr. Basil Swanson we have used MNDO force constants to estimate compliance constants and hence the mode of dissociation of molecules [160] and also to arrive at what are probably the best available potential surfaces for some simple molecules [165].

Programs have been written for the study of linear polymers, using MINDO/3 or MNDO in the tight binding approximation and leading to good estimates of the electronic band structure of

polyethylene [103,151]. Methods have been developed for optimizing the geometries of polymers and for calculating their vibration frequencies; good results were obtained for polyethylene and polyethylene- d_4 [150].

MINDO/3 has been used with success to calculate polarizabilities [100] and hyperpolarizabilities [130]. In this way we were able for the first time to calculate the nonlinear optical properties of a crystal (LiOOCH·H₂O), with results in good agreement with experiment [131]. Calculations of this kind should be of practical value in laser technology for screening molecules of possible use as frequency multipliers, etc.

Other successful applications of MINDO/3 and MNDO have been to the calculation of ESCA chemical shifts [121], ionization potentials of radicals [107], nuclear quadrupole coupling constants [128], and energies of singlet and triplet excited states [3]. Calculations of nmr coupling constants were less satisfactory [140]. Other technical developments concerned the calculation of repulsion integrals in NDDO [159], analytical expressions for derivatives of the energy in NDDO [174], a simple and very effective extrapolation procedure for the bond order matrix in SCF calculations [175], and a theoretical treatment of the angular dependence of photoelectron crossections [109].

MNDO has been found to give remarkably good estimates of ionization energies using Koopman's theorem. All the

ionizations appear almost invariably in the right order, even the well known "exceptions" like F_2 and N_2 , and with reasonable numerical values [144,162]. Calculations of ionization energies, and vibration frequencies of the ions, for the first five polynes gave results in excellent agreement with their observed photoelectron spectra [154]. MNDO also gave good estimates of electron affinities, except in cases where the negative charge in the anion is localized on a single atom [167].

Calculations have been carried out for all the known boron hydrides and borohydride anions up to B_{14} [170], and carboranes up to $(B,C)_{12}$ [7]. The results were generally in very good agreement with experiment, though one or two highly symmetric species (e.g. B_5H_9) were calculated to have geometries of lower symmetry, due probably to a tendency of MNDO to underestimate the stabilities of multicenter bonds. Heats of formation were, however, quite well predicted, implying that the error is not large [146].

Calculation of the vibration frequencies of o-benzyne led to a reassignment of its observed in IR spectrum, removing an apparent discrepancy concerning its geometry [1].

Calculations for beryllium borohydride confirmed the suggestion that it is an equilibrium mixture of d_{2d} and d_{3d} isomers, the former predominating, and the calculated vibration frequencies agreed well with experiment [166]. Calculations for half-sandwich compounds of beryllium with cyclopentadienyl, indenyl, and fluorenyl anions seemed to

account well for the properties of such species [5].

MINDO/3 has been found to be a "method of choice" for the study of carbocations. Results for a number of simple "classical" and "nonclassical" ions were in agreement with experiment and with calculations by very sophisticated <u>ab initio</u> methods [110,134,155]. It had previously been argued on the basis of simpler and less accurate SCF treatments (STO-3G, 4-31G) that MINDO/3 overestimates the stabilities of "nonclassical" ions. Calculations for a number of larger ions, in particular 2-norbornyl, were in agreement with experiment but refuted Olah's claim to have proved the latter to be "nonclassical" [134].

The rearrangement of benzyl cation to tropylium was found (MINDO/3) to take place by the mechanism currently postulated but to involve a high activation barrier, apparently in agreement with recent mass spectral evidence [133]. A detailed study of the $C_7H_8^{+*}$ surface was in complete agreement with the experimental results of McLafferty and confirmed his suggested mechanisms for hydrogen scrambling [137]. Calculations for derivatives of $C_7H_7^{+*}$ were equally successful [142, 156]. Detailed calculations were also carried out for a series of reactions of gaseous cations involving formal loss of hydrogen as H_2 from two adjacent atoms. The results were in good agreement with experiment and showed that the eliminations take place by a mechanism which, while concerted, can be regarded as involving a 1,2 hydrogen migration followed by

 α elimination, the two steps being fused into one [155].

The rearrangement of phenylcarbene to cycloheptatrienacarbene was found to follow the same course as that of benzyl cation to tropylium [153].

A detailed MINDO/3 study of the Cornforth rearrangements of 5-methoxyoxazole-4-carboxamide and its 2-vinyl derivative led to a mechanism in agreement with experiment and involving an unusual "nonclassical" intermediate [139].

A detailed study (MINDO/3) of the Cope rearrangement of 1,5-hexadiene led to a two-step mechanism involving a biradical-type intermediate, in agreement with experiment [141,145].

A detailed reexamination (MINDO/3) of the Diels-Alder reaction between ethylene and butadiene led to a mechanism which has not so far been considered, involving biradical-like intermediates, in which the rate-determining step is the closure of the second bond. Calculations of entropies of activation and kinetic isotope effects showed this mechanism to be entirely consistent with all the available experimental evidence, refuting current beliefs that the reaction has been "proved" to be synchronous [173].

MNDO studies of the hydroboration of a number of olefins and acetylenes indicated that these reactions take place by sterically controlled, unactivated, rearrangements of π complex intermediates [169].

A MINDO/3 study of addition of methyl radicals to a number of unsaturated hydrocarbons gave results in good

agreement with experiment and explained an apparent anomaly shown by kinetic isotope effects [172].

A detailed MNDO study of the conversion of Dewar benzene to benzene indicated that this reaction, although "forbidden" is synchronous. The activation parameters were in good agreement with experiment [161]. A $(S_0 + T_1)$ crossing occurs after the transition state is passed, confirming the earlier MINDO/3 explanation of the low-yield chemiluminescence [105,124]. Trans-Dewar benzene was found to be a local minimum on the potential surface in spite of the enormous exothermicity of its "allowed" conversion to benzene [161]. The rearrangements of 1- and 2-aza-Dewar benzenes to pyridine follow a very similar course to that of the parent hydrocarbon [168].

A detailed study of the Norrish Type II reactions of singlet and triplet excited ($n \rightarrow \pi^*$) butyraldehyde gave results in good agreement with experiment and seem to have resolved a controversy concerning the possiblity of a direct conversion of the singlet species to product [171].

A MINDO/3 study of the di-π-methane rearrangement of triplet excited 1,5-pentadiene indicated it to have a very large activation energy, contrary to current ideas concerning photochemical mechanisms but in agreement with experiment [147].

The electrocyclic conversions of cyclobutene radical cation and radical anion to butadiene radical ions were predicted by MNDO to take place via unsymmetrical transition

states with activation energies less than that for conversion of cyclobutene to butadiene [9].

A detailed study of the rearrangements of $C_4^H{}_7$ radicals led to mechanisms in agreement with experiment [8].

A detailed study of pentadienyl anion and its methyl derivatives seems to have cleared up a number of longstanding problems concerning their geometries. A new definition of stabilization ("resonance") energy is suggested for odd conjugated systems (ions and radicals) [10].

Calculations for a number of $S_{\rm N}^{\,2}$ and carbonyl addition reactions has led to a new view of enzyme reactions [12].

Four reviews of our work have appeared during the grant period [108,122,147,163].

The additivity of bond energies was discussed in terms of the maximum overlap approximation and MINDO/3 [101].

Papers reporting studies of the electrocyclic conversion of cyclobutene to butadiene [103], the chemiluminescent thermolysis of dioxetanes [104] and predicted chemiluminescence in the electrocyclic conversions of cyclobutadiene dimers to cyclooctatetraene and of benzotricyclooctene to benzocycloctatriene [106], have appeared, as have the papers [111,112, 113, 114, 115] describing MINDO/3 and its applications to C,H,O,N,F,Si,S,P,Cl.

The electrocyclic conversion of bicyclobutane to butadiene is predicted by MINDO/3 not to be concerted, taking place via

a stable intermediate biradicaloid [116]. The "allowed" and "forbidden" paths differ by only 2 kcal/mole in activation energy, in agreement with experiment [116].

The electrocyclic conversion of benzvalene to benzene is "allowed", although it corresponds stereochemically to the "forbidden" mode of conversion of bicyclobutane to butadiene [117].

The ground state of cyclobutadiene is a rectangular singlet. If, as has been claimed, cyclobutadiene has a square geometry in matrices at low temperatures, this must be the metastable triplet [118,152].

A simple relation exists between valence angles and hybridization indices in AX_2Y_2 molecules [120].

A study of the thermal isomerizations of bicyclo [2,1,0] pentene, and of its 1- and 2-methyl derivatives, to cyclopentadienes, showed that these reactions are normal, synchronous electrocyclic processes although "forbidden" [124], in contradiction to alternative suggestions (later proved experimentally to be incorrect).

A detailed MINDO/3 study of the reactions of singlet $(^{1}\Delta g)O_{2}$ with olefins predicted the first product in each case to be a peroxirane [125,126,136].

MINDO/3 calculations for CH_2 , O_2 and NH_2^+ gave results as good as, or better than, those from very sophisticated ab initio procedures [127].

MINDO/3 seems to give a good account of the rearrangement

of vinylcyclopropane to cyclopentene and of cyclopropylallene to methylenecyclopentene.

The decomposition of ozone was studied by MNDO [138].

MINDO/3 has been used to study the properties of a variety of normal and mesoionic derivatives of oxazole and imidazole [132].

MNDO calculations for the bisdehydropyridines (pyridynes) led to predictions of interesting differences between them and their benzene analogs [149].

A detailed MINDO/3 study of the retroene conversion of vinylacetic acid (${\rm H_2C=CHCH_2COOH}$) to propene + ${\rm CO_2}$ gave results (heats of reaction and activation, entropy of activation, D and ${\rm C^{13}}$ kinetic isotope effects) in good agreement with experiment [157]. The reaction is a synchronous pericyclic process.

A detailed MNDO study of borohydride reduction [169] in conjunction with similar calculations for hydroboration [176], accounted very nicely for the difference between these two formally "forbidden" reactions, the latter involving a cruciconjugated transition state which is analogous to that in a linear (not cyclic) conjugated molecule.

A MNDO study of the potential surface relating the 2-fluorethyl cation and the ethylene fluoronium π complex showed it to have rather unique features [2].

A detailed MNDO study of the fluorinated pyridines explained some puzzling results from electron diffraction studies [4].

MNDO calculations for a number of chlorine=containing molecules are being reported [6].

Omissions in a recent paper by Halgren et al are being remedied [11].

The following received financial support under Contract 75-2749:

David Landman Ignatius Turchi Anselm Griffin Anna Adcock Francisco Carrion Mike McKee Huo M. Chang Becky Nichols Steven Kirschner Paul Weiner Taylor Jones Joel Adcock Santiago Olivella Diane Cabelli Kathryn Mussatto Yukio Yamaguchi Donald E. David Hans Lindner John Buschek Bonnie George Lynnette Bounds George Ford Lek Chantranupong

MANUSCRIPTS PUBLISHED

MICHAEL J.S. DEWAR

- 100. MINDO/3 Calculations of Molecular Electric Polarizabilities, (Michael J. S. Dewar, Robert C. Haddon, and Sung Ho Suck) J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun., 611 (1974).
- 101. Additivity of Bond Energies in the Light of the Maximum Overlap Approximation (MOA) and MINDO/3, (Michael J. S. Dewar, Donald H. Lo, and Zvonimir B. Maksic). Croat. Chim. Acta, 46, 7 (1974).
- 102. MINDO/3 Study of the Thermal Conversion of Cyclobutene to 1,3 Butadiene, (Michael J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner)
 J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 96, 6809 (1974).
- 103. Study of the Electronic Energy Band Structure of Polyethylene using MINDO/3 (Michael J. S. Dewar, Sung Ho Suck, and Paul Weiner), Chem. Phys. Lett., 29, 220 (1974).
- 104. MINDO/3 Study of the Thermolysis of Dioxetane. Role of the Triplet State, (Michael J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 96, 7578 (1974).
- 105. Cryptochemiluminescence in the Rearrangements of Dewar Benzenes. The Requirements for Pericyclic Reactions to be Chemiluminescent. (Michael J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner, Herbert W. Kollmar), J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 96, 7579(1974).
- 106. Possible Intervention of Triplet States in Thermal Reactions of Hydrocarbons. A Study of the Rearrangements of Cyclobutadiene Dimers and Analogous Compounds, (Roger S. Case, M. J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner, R. Pettit, William Slegeir), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 96, 7581 (1974).
- 107. Vertical Ionization Potentials of Radicals by the MINDO/3 Method (M. J. S. Dewar, Herbert W. Kollmar, and Sung Ho Suck), Theoret. Chim. Acta, 36, 237 (1975).
- 108. Quantum Organic Chemistry, (Michael J. S. Dewar), SCIENCE, 187, 1037 (1975).
- 109. Calculation of Photoionization Cross Sections Using Ab Initio Wavefunctions and the Plane Wave Approximation, (M. J. S. Dewar, A. Komornicki, A. Schweig, W. Thiel) Chem. Phys. Lett., 31, 286 (1975).
- 110. MINDO/3 Study of Some Simple Carbocations, (Peter K. Bischof, Michael J. S. Dewar), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 2278 (1975).
- 111. Ground States of Molecules. XXV. MINDO/3 An Improved Version of the MINDO Semiempirical SCF-MO Method, (Richard C. Bingham, Michael J. S. Dewar, and Donald H. Lo), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 1285 (1975).

- 112. Ground States of Molecules XXVI. MINDO/3 Calculations for Hydrocarbons, (Richard C. Bingham, Michael J. S. Dewar, and Donald H. Lo), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 1294 (1975).
- 113. Ground States of Molecules XXVII. MINDO/3 Calculations for CHON Species, (Richard C. Bingham, M. J. S. Dewar, and Donald H. Lo), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 1302 (1975).
- 114. Ground States of Molecules. XXVIII. MINDO/3 Calculations for Compounds for Compounds Containing Carbon, Hydrogen, Fluorine, and Chlorine, (Richard C. Bingham, M. J. S. Dewar, and Donald H. Lo), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 1307 (1975).
- 115. Ground States of Molecules. XXIX. MINDO/3 Calculations of Compounds Containing Third Row Elements (M. J. S. Dewar, Donald H. Lo, Christopher A. Ramsden), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 1311 (1975).
- 116. MINDO/3 Study of the Thermolysis of Bicyclobutane. An "Allowed" and Stereoselective Reaction That Is Not Concerted, (M. J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 2931 (1975).
- 117. The Conversion of Benzvalene to Benzene, (M. J. S. Dewar, Steven Kirschner), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 2932 (1975).
- 118. MINDO/3 Study of Cyclobutadiene, (M. J. S. Dewar, Herbert W. Kollmar), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 2933 (1975).
- 119. Ground States of Molecules 51. MNDO Calculations of Kinetic Isotope Effects. (S. Bruce Brown, M. J. S. Dewar, George P. Ford, Donna J. Nelson and Henry S. Rzepa) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 7832 (1978).
- 120. Valence Angles and Hybridization Indices in "sp³ Hybridized" AX₂Y₂ Systems, (M. J. S. Dewar, Herbert Kollmar, and Wai Kee Li), J. Chem. Educ., 52, 305 (1975).
- 121. MINDO/3 Calculations of ESCA Chemical Shifts, (M. J. S. Dewar and D. H. Lo), Chem. Phys. Lett., 33, 298 (1975).
- 122. Computing Calculated Reactions, (M. J. S. Dewar) Chem. Brit. 11, 97 (1975).
- 123. MINDO/3 Study of the Thermal Isomerizations of Methylbicyclo [2,1,0]pent-2-ene and its 1- and 2- Methyl Derivatives, (M. J. S. Dewar and Steven Kirschner), J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Comm. 461 (1975).
- 124. MINDO/2 and MINDO/3 Studies of the Electrocyclic Conversion of Dewar Benzene into Benzene, (M. J. S. Dewar and Steven Kirschner), J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Comm., 463 (1975).
- 125. Ground States of Molecules. XXX. MINDO/3 Study of Reactions
 of Singlet (¹Λg) Oxygen with Carbon-Carbon Double Bonds.
 (M. J. S. Dewar, And Walter Thiel), J. Amer. Chem. Soc.,
 97, 3978 (1975).

- 126. A Possible Mechanism for the Formation of Oxiranes in Reactions of Singlet Molecular Oxygen with Olefins, (M. J. S. Dewar, Anselm C. Griffin, Walter Thiel, Ignatius J. Turchi), J. Am. Chem. Soc., 97, 4439 (1975).
- 127. Ground States of Molecules. XXXI. MINDO/3 Study of CH₂
 NH₂, and O₂ (M. J. S. Dewar, Robert C. Haddon Wai-Kee
 Li, Walter Thiel, and Paul K. Weiner), J. Amer. Chem. Soc.
 97, 4540 (1975).
- 128. MINDO/3 Study of ¹⁴N Nuclear Quadrupole Coupling Constants, (M. J. S. Dewar, Herbert W. Kollmar, and Sung Ho Suck), J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 5590 (1975).
- 129. Mechanism of the Vinylcyclopropane Rearrangement. The Rearrangement of Cyclopropylallene and MINDO/3 Calculations (M. J. S. Dewar, Ferhard J. Fonken, Steven Kirschner, and David E. Minter) J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 97, 6750 (1975).
- 130. MINDO/3 Calculations of Hyperpolarizabilities of Fluoromethanes (John G. Bergman, M. J. S. Dewar, Sung Ho Suck, Paul K. Weiner) Chem. Phys. Lett., 38, 226 (1976).
- 131. Calculation of Nonlinear Optical Coefficients for Lithium Formate Monohydrate, Using MINDO/3 (John G. Bergman, M. J. S. Dewar, Sung Ho Suck, Paul K. Weiner) Chem. Phys. Lett. 38, 228 (1976).
- 132. Ground States of Molecules. Part XXXII. A MINDO/3 Study of Mesoionic Oxazoles and Imidazoles (M. J. S. Dewar and Ignatius J. Turchi) J. C. S. Perkin II, 548 (1976).
- 133. Gaseous Ions I. MINDO/3 Study of the Rearrangement of Benzyl Cation to Tropylium (C. Cone, M. J. S. Dewar, David Landman) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 372 (1977).
- 134. Ground States of Molecules. 34. MINDO/3 Calculations for Nonclassical Ions (M. J. S. Dewar, R. C. Haddon, A. Komornicki and H. S. Rzepa) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 377 (1977).
- 135. Ground States of Molecules 37. MINDO/3 Calculations of Molecular Vibration Frequencies (M. J. S. Dewar, and George Ford) J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 99, 1685 (1977).
- 136. MINDO/3 Study of the Addition of Singlet Oxygen (1 \$\Delta_0\$) to 1,3 Butadiene (M. J. S. Dewar and Walter Thiel) J. Amer. Chem. soc. 99, 2338 (1977).
- 137. Gaseous Ions 2. MINDO/3 Study of the Rearrangements of Toluene and Cycloheptatriene Molecular Ions and the Formation of Tropylium (M. J. S. Dewar and David Landman) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 2446 (1977).

- 138. MNDO Study of Ozone and its Decomposition into (02+0) (M. J. S. Dewar, Santiago Olivella, and Henry Rzepa) Chem. Phys. Lett. 47, 80, 1977.
- 139. Ground States of Molecules 35. MINDO/3 Study of the Cornforth Rearrangement (M. J. S. Dewar and I. Turchi) J.C.S. Perkin II, 724 (1977).
- 140. Ground States of Molecules 33. MINDO/3 Calculations of NMR Coupling Constants (M. J. S. Dewar, David Landman, Sung Ho Suck and Paul K. Weiner) J. Am. Chem. Soc., 99, 3951 (1977).
- 141. A STudy of the Mechanism of the Cope Rearrangement (M. J. S. Dewar and Leslie E. Wade, Jr.) J. Am. Chem. Soc., 99, 4417 (1977).
- 142. Gaseous Ions 3. MINDO/3 Calculations for the Rearrangement of Substituted Benzyl Cations. (M. J. S. Dewar and David Landman) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 4633 (1977).
- 143. Ground States of Molecules 38. The MNDO Method. Approximations and Parameters. (M. J. S. Dewar and Walter Thiel)
 J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 4899 (1977).
- 144. Ground States of Molecules. 39. MNDO Results for Molecules Containing Hydrogen, Carbon, Nitrogen, and Oxygen (M. J. S. Dewar and Walter Thiel) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 4907 (1977).
- 145. The Cope Rearrangement. MINDO/3 Studies of the Rearrangements of 1,5 Hexadiene and Bicyclo [2,2,0] hexane (M. J. S. Dewar, George P. Ford, Michael L. McKee, Henry S. Rzepa, and Leslie E. Wade) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 5069 (1977).
- 146. Ground States of Molecules. 41. MNDO Results for Molecules Containing Boron. (M. J. S. Dewar and M. L. McKee) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 5231 (1977).
- 147. Studies of the Mechanisms of Some Organic Reactions and Photoreactions by Semiempirical SCF MO Methods, (M. J. S. Dewar) Faraday Discussions of Chemical Soc.) 62, 1977.
- 148. Ground States of Molecules 42. Vibrational Frequencies of Isotopically-substituted Molecules Calculated using MINDO/3 Force Constants (M. J. S. Dewar and H. S. Rzepa) J. of Molecular Structure 40, 145 (1977).
- 149. Bisdehydropyridines: MNDO Molecular Orbital Calculations (M. J. S. Dewar and George P. Ford) J. C. S. Chem. Comm. 15, 539 (1977).
- 150. Calculation of the Vibrational Frequencies of Polyethylene and Polyethylene-d₄ by the MNDO Semiempirical SCF Method" (M. J. S. Dewar, Yükio Yamaguchi and Sung Ho Suck) Chem. Phys. Lett. 50, 259 (1977).

- 151. A MNDO Study of the Electronic Band Structure of Polyethlene". (M. J. S. Dewar, Yukio Yamaguchi, Sung Ho Suck). Chem. Phys. Lett. 50, 259 (1977).
- 152. Ground States of Molecules 36. The Cyclo butadiene Problem and MINDO/3 Calculations of Molecular Vibration Frequenices (M. J. S. Dewar and Andrew Komornicki) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 6174 (1977).
- 153. Ground States of Molecules 43. A MINDO/3 Study of the Rearrangement of Phenylcarbene to Cycloheptatrienacarbene (M. J. S. Dewar and D. Landman) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 6179 (1977).
- 154. "An MNDO Study of the Structures, Vibrational Frequencies and Ionization Energies of the First Five Poly-enes" (M. J. S. Dewar, George Ford, Henry Rzepa) Chem. Phys. Lett. 50, 262 (1977).
- 155. Gaseous Ions IV. MINDO/3 Calculations for Some Simple Organic Cations and for Their Hydrogen Elimination Reactions (M. J. S. Dewar and Henry S. Rzepa) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 7432 (1977).
- 156. Gaseous Ions V. Calculated (MINDO/3) Properties of Monosubstituted Tropylium Ions and Benzyl Cations" (M. J. S. Dewar, David Landman) J. Am. Chem. Soc., 99, 7439 (1977).
- 157. "The Thermal Decarboxylation of But-3-eonic Acid: MINDO/3 Calculations of Activation Parameters and Primary Kinetic Isotope Effects" (M. J. S. Dewar and George Ford) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 99, 8343 (1977).
- 158. Ground States of Molecules 44. MINDO/3 Calculations of Absolute Heat Capacities and Entropies of Molecules without Internal Rotations" (M. J. S. Dewar, George Ford) J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 99, 7822 (1977).
- 159. "A Semiempirical Model for the Two-Center Repulsion Integrals in the NDDO Approximation" (M. J. S. Dewar and Walter Thiel)

 Theo. Chim. Acta 46, 89 (1977).
- 160. "Dissociative Pathways and Molecular Vibrations: Compliance Constants and Minimum Energy Coordinates for BF₃ and SO₃. (B. I. Swanson, J. J. Rafalko, H. S. Rzepa, and M. J. S. Dewar,) J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 99, 7829 (1977).
- 161. "Electrocyclic Ring Opening of lα, 4α- and lα, 4β-Bicyclo [2.20] hexa-2,5-dienes (cis and trans Dewar Benzenes): MNDO Semiempirical Molecular Orbital Calculations, (M. J. S. Dewar, George Ford, and Henry Rzepa). Chem. Comm. 728 (1977).

- 162. Ground States of Molecules 40. MNDO Results for Molecules Containing Fluorine" (M. J. S. Dewar, H. S. Rzepa) J. Am. Chem. Soc., 100, 58 (1978).
- 163. "Some Recent Developments in Quantum Organic Chemistry"
 (M. J. S. Dewar) Further Perspectives in Organic Chemistry
 Ciba Foundation Symposium 53 (1978).
- 164. "Semiempirical Calculations of Molecular Vibrational Frequencies: The MNDO Method (M. J. S. Dewar, George Ford, M. McKee, H. Rzepa, W. Thiel, Y. Yamaguchi). Journal of Mol. Structure, 43, 135 (1978).
- 165. "Molecular Orbital Constraint of Interaction Coordinates, MOCIC: An approximate Quadratic Potential Function" (T. H. Arnold, M. J. S. Dewar, J. J. Ralfalko, H. S. Rzepa, B. I. Swanson, and Y. Yamaguchi). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 771 (1978).
- 166. Ground States of Molecules 45. MNDO Results for Molecules Containing Beryllium. (M. J. S. Dewar and Henry Rzepa). J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 100, 777 (1978).
- 167. Calculations of Electron Affinities using the MNDO Semiempirical SCF-MO Method. (M. J. S. Dewar and Henry Rzepa, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 100, 784 (1978).
- 168. The Electrocyclic Ring Opening of 1- and 2-Azabicyclo
 [2.2.0]-hexa-2,5-dienes: MNDO (Molecular Orbital Calculations).
 (M. J. S. Dewar, George P. Ford, James P. Ritchie and Henry
 Rzepa). J. Chem. Res. (s) 26, (M) 0484-0491 (1978).
- 169. Ground States of Molecules 46. MNDO Study of Hydroboration of Alkenes and Alkynes". (M. J. S. Dewar and M. L. McKee) Inorganic Chem. 17, 1075.
- 170. Ground States of Molecules 47. MNDO Studies of Boron Hydrides and Boron Hydride Anions". (M. J. S. Dewar and Michael L. McKee) <u>Inorganic Chem</u>. 17, 1569 (1978).
- 171. A MINDO/3 Study of the Norrish Type Reaction of Butanal.
 (M. J. S. Dewar and Charles Doubleday) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 4935 (1978).
- 172. Ground States of Molecules 48. MINDO/3 Study of Some Radical Addition Reactions. (M. J. S. Dewar and Santiago Olivella)
 J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 17 5290 (1978).
- 173. Ground States of Molecules 49. MINDO/3 Study of the Retro-Diels-Alder Reaction of Cyclohexene". (M. J. S. Dewar, Santiago Olivella, Henry Rzepa). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 5650 (1978).

- 174. Analytical First Derivatives of the Energy in MNDO. (M. J. S Dewar and Yukio Yamaguchi). Computers & Chemistry. Vol. 2 25-29 (1978).
- 175. A Simplified Extrapolation Procedure for SCF Calculations" (M. J. S. Dewar and Paul K. Weiner). Computers & Chemistry, Vol. 2, p. 31-33. (1978).
- 176. Ground States of Molecules 50. MDNO Study of Hydroboration and Borohydride Reduction. Implications Concerning Cyclic Conjugation and Pericyclic Reactions". (M. J. S. Dewar and M. L. McKee) J. Am. Chem. Soc. 100, 7499-7503 (1978).

MANUSCRIPTS SUBMITTED FOR PUBLICATION

MICHAEL J. S. DEWAR

- Journal of Mol. Struct. "MNDO Study of Transient Species, The IR Spectrum of Benzyne" - Dewar, Ford, Rzepa.
- Journal of Mol. Struct. "Detailed Potential Energy Surfaces from MNDO Semiempirical Molecular Orbital Theory.
 2-Fluoroethyl and Ethylene Fluoronium Ions" Dewar, Ford.
- 3. JCS Faraday II (Chem. Society) "A MINDO/3 Comparison of the Generalized SCF Coupling Operator and "Half-electron Methods for Calculating the Energies and Geometries of Open Shell Systems" Dewar and Olivella.
- 4. Chem. Phys. "Structures and Properties of Fluorinated Pyridines; etc." Dewar, Yamaguchi, Doraiswamy, S. D. Sharma, Suck.
- Inorg. Chem. "Ground States of Molecules. 52. A MNDO Study of the Coordination of Beryllium Indenyl and Fluorenyl Complexes. - Dewar, Rzepa.
- 6. J.A.C.S. "Ground States of Molecules. 53. MNDO Calculations for Molecules Containing Chlorine. Dewar, Rzepa.
- 7. Inorg. Chem. "Ground States of Molecules. 54. MNDO Study of Carboranes". Dewar, McKee.
- 8. J.A.C.S. "Ground States of Molecules 55. MINDO/3 Study of Rearrangements of CAH7 Radicals". Dewar, Olivella.
- 9. J.A.C.S. "A MNDO Study of the Electrocyclic Ring Opening of Cyclobutene Radical Cation and Radical Anion". Dewar, Rzepa.
- 10. J.A.C.S. "A MNDO Study of the Structure and Stabilities of some Substituted Pentadienyl Anions". Dewar, Fox, Nelson.
- J.A.C.S. "An Addendum to a Recent Paper by Halgren, Lipscomb, and Their Coworkers Concerning the Relative Accuracies of Several Current MO Methods". Dewar, Ford.
- 12. NATURE. "Consequences of an Apparent Analogy Between Enzyme-Catalyzed Reactions and Reactions in the Gas Phase" - Dewar